4 SEM TDC CHMH (CBCS) C 9

2024

(May/June)

CHEMISTRY

(Core)

Paper: C-9

(Organic Chemistry)

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Choose the correct answer from the following:
 - (a) When acetamide is converted to methanamine, the name of the reaction is
 - (i) Curtius reaction
 - (ii) Michael reaction
 - (iii) Hofmann reaction
 - (iv) Hinsberg reaction

- (b) Which of the following is not an aromatic compound?
 - (i) Furan
 - (ii) Pyrrole
 - (iii) Piperidine
 - (iv) Pyridine
- (c) Which one out of the following is not —an alkaloid?
 - (i) Nicotine
 - (ii) Ephedrine
 - (iii) Adrenalin
 - (iv) Quinine
- (d) How many isoprene units are there in diterpene?
 - (i) 1
 - (ii) 2
 - (iii) 3
 - (iv) 4

2. Answer any four of the following questions:

2×4=8

- (a) How will you convert aniline into m-dinitrobenzene? Give the chemical equation.
- (b) Discuss the basicity of 1°, 2° and 3° amines in aqueous system.
- (c) Out of pyrrole and furan, which is more aromatic?
- (d) Thiophene is more aromatic in nature than furan. Explain.
- (e) What is the difference between terpenes and terpenoids?

UNIT-I

3. Answer any three of the following questions:

3×3=9

a) Discuss the influence of nitro group upon the basicity of substituted aniline.

- (c) How will you convert any two of the following? $1\frac{1}{2}\times2=3$
 - (i) Naphthalene into Decalin
 - (ii) Anthracene into 9-formyl-
 - (iii) Phenanthrene into diphenic acid
- (d) Describe the orientation of sulphonation and Friedel-Crafts acylation in naphthalene. 1½×2=3

UNIT-III

- 5. (a) Furan, pyrrole and thiophene are less basic than pyridine. Explain.
 - (b) What happens when furan is reacted with maleic anhydride under sunlight (hy)?
 - (c) Answer any three of the following: $2\times 3=6$
 - (i) Prepare pyrrole from acetylene.
 - (ii) What happens when furfural is treated with acetic anhydride and sodium acetate?

(iii) Complete the following reactions:

 $1 \times 2 = 2$

2

2

(1)
$$\longrightarrow$$
 + H₂ \longrightarrow ?

(2)
$$\langle S \rangle$$
 + CH₂O + HCl \longrightarrow ?

- (iv) Convert the following: 1×2=2
 - (1) Pyrrole from furan
 - (2) Pyridine from piperidine
- (d) Pyridine, though aromatic like benzene, can undergo nucleophilic substitution easily, while benzene cannot. Explain.
- (e) What happens when furoic acid is heated up to 200 °C-205 °C?

UNIT-IV

- 6. (a) What are alkaloidal reagents?
 - (b) Explain Hofmann elimination and Emde degradation. How will you differentiate between these two?

Or

How will you convert nicotin into hygrinic acid?

2

(c)	How will you establish that in nicotine
	N-methyl pyrrolidine ring is attached
	to pyridine at position-3 via its
	α-position?

2

UNIT-V

7. (a) What is isoprene rule? Explain with suitable example.

1

(b) Establish the structure of citral. Give its synthesis.

2

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Discuss the structure of α-Terpineol.

(c) How will you synthesize of the following (any one)?

2

- (i) a-Terpineol from a-pinene
- (ii) Nerol from Neral
