## Total No. of Printed Pages-7

## 3 SEM TDC CHMH (CBCS) C 5

2024

( Nov/Dec )

## CHEMISTRY

(Core)

Paper: C-5

## (Inorganic Chemistry)

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Choose the correct answer:

1×6=6

- (a) The number of terminal hydrogens present in B<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub> is
  - (i) 4
  - (ii) 2
  - (iii) 3
  - (iv) 6

- (b) The semiconductors are refined by
  - (i) distillation
  - (ii) solvent extraction
  - (iii) zone refining
  - (iv) electro-refining
- (c==he conjugate base of H2O is
  - (i) H<sub>3</sub>O<sup>+</sup>
  - (ii) OH-
  - (iii) O2-
  - (iv) None of the above
- (d) The type of hybridization in NH<sub>4</sub> ion is
  - (i)  $sp^2$
  - (ii)  $sp^3$
  - (iii) sp
  - (iv) dsp3

- (e) The shape of XeF2 molecule is
  - (i) tetrahedral
  - (ii) square planar
  - (iii) linear
  - (iv) octahedral -
- (f) The formula of inorganic benzene is
  - (i) B<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
  - (ii)  $B_3N_3H_6$
  - (iii) Al<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
  - (iv)  $B_3Al_3H_6$
- 2. Write short notes on the following (any two):

 $2 \times 2 = 4$ 

- (a) Zone refining
- (b) Hydrometallurgy
- (c) Carbon reduction process

- **3.** Answer the following questions (any two):  $3\times2=6$ 
  - (a) What are hard and soft acids and bases(HSAB)? Mention one application ofHSAB principle. 2+1=3
  - (b) What are Lewis bases? Classify different types of Lewis bases. Give example.

2+1=3

- (c) What is conjugate acid-base pair? Write the conjugate acids of OH<sup>⊕</sup>, HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>⊕</sup>,
   NH<sup>⊕</sup>, HS<sup>⊕</sup> ions.
- **4.** Answer the following questions (any *five*): 2×5=10
  - (a) What is inert-pair effect?
  - (b) Explain the term 'diagonal relationship' with a suitable example.
  - (c) AlCl<sub>3</sub> is less covalent than AlI<sub>3</sub>. Why?
  - (d) Write the name and formula of oxyacids of phosphorus.

- (e) What are pseudohalogens? Give example.
- (f) What are silanes? Give examples.
- **5.** Answer the following questions (any *five*):  $3\times5=15$ 
  - (a) Write one method of preparation and one use of boric acid. 2+1=3
  - (b) Draw the electronic structures of  $HNO_3$ ,  $N_2O_4$  and  $HNO_2$ . 1+1+1=3
  - (c) What are interhalogen compounds?

    Predict the geometry of ClF<sub>3</sub> and PCl<sub>5</sub>.

    1+1+1=3
  - (d) Explain the (3c-2e) bond in diborane. 2+1=3
  - (e) What are carboranes? Give one example and structure of carborane. 1+1+1=3

- (f) Name the allotropes of sulphur and draw their structures. 1+1+1=3
- **6.** Answer the following questions (any *two*):  $3 \times 2 = 6$ 
  - <u>-fa</u>) Give one method of preparation and chemical property of XeF<sub>6</sub>.
  - (b) Applying VSEPR theory, explain the geometry of XeF<sub>4</sub>.
  - (c) What are clathrates? Give one example of clathrates of noble gases.
- 7. Answer the following questions (any two):  $3\times 2=6$ 
  - (a) What are phosphazenes? Give a method of preparation of trimeric phosphonitrilic chloride. What happens when triphosphazene chloride is hydrolysed? 1+1+1=3

- (b) Give one method of preparation and bonding structure of borazine. 1+2=3
- (c) Give one method of preparation of linear, cross-linked and cyclic silicones.

  1+1+1=3

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