Total No. of Printed Pages—3 5 SEM TDC ZOOH (CBCS) C 11

2021

(Held in January/February, 2022)

ZOOLOGY

(Core)

Paper: C-11

(Molecular Biology)

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1.	Fill in the blanks:	
	(a)	The diameter of A-DNA is
	(b)	In E. coli, the origin of replication is known as
	(c)	subunit of RNAP holoenzyme initiates transcription in prokaryotes.

- (d) During translation, amino acids are attached to the ____ end of the respective tRNA molecules.
- (e) Lactose acts as an ____ of lac operon.
- 2. Explain precisely any two of the following:

4×2=8

- (a) DNA polymerase-III
- (b) Repair of DNA molecule
- (c) RNA interference
- 3. Write explanatory notes on any two of the following: $4\times2=8$
 - (a) Wobble hypothesis
 - (b) tRNA structure and function
 - (c) Processing of mRNA
 - (d) Okazaki fragment
- 4. Describe the structure of DNA double-helix model. Explain the synthesis of lagging strand of DNA with suitable diagram(s). 4+4=8

Or

Explain with suitable diagram(s) the experiment that conclusively proved that DNA replicates in semiconservative way. Why is DNA replication said to be semi-discontinuous? 6+2=8

5. What are the sequence elements found in the promoter of genes transcribed by RNA pol II? Write a short note on General Transcription Factors (GTFs) and their roles in transcription of mRNA in eukaryotes. 3+5=8

Or

Write short notes on Rho-dependent and Rho-independent termination of prokaryotic transcription. How transcription in prokaryotes differ from eukaryotes? 4+4=8

6. Write the biochemical reaction catalyzed by aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase. Write a note with suitable diagram on the formation of initiation complex in bacterial protein biosynthesis. 3+5=8

Or

Elaborate the process of elongation of protein synthesis in prokaryotes.

7. If E. coli is grown in a medium containing both glucose and lactose, which carbon source will it prefer and why? Explain your answer with reference to operon concept using suitable diagrams.

1+5+2=8

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What is operon? Describe the structure of tryptophan operon. Add a note on eukaryotic transcription activators and repressors. 1+4+3=8

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