## 6 SEM TDC PHYH (CBCS) C13

2022

(June/July)

PHYSICS

(Core)

Paper: C-13

( Electromagnetic Theory )

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Choose the correct answer (any five):  $1 \times 5=5$ 
  - (a) The displacement current arises due to
    - (i) positive charges only
    - (ii) negative charges only
    - (iii) both positive and negative charges
    - (iv) time varying electric field

- (b) An electromagnetic wave travells along z-axis. Which of the following pairs of space and time varying fields would generate such a wave?
  - (i)  $E_x$ ,  $B_y$
  - (ii)  $E_y$ ,  $B_x$
  - (iii)  $E_z$ ,  $B_x$
  - (iv)  $=_{u}$ ,  $B_{z}$
- (c) Considering the reflection and refraction of a plane wave at a dielectric interface, which of the following is true?
  - (i) The energy of the wave does not change
  - (ii) The frequency of the wave does not change
  - (iii) The polarization does not change
  - (iv) The momentum of the wave does not change

- (d) A plane polarized monochromatic electromagnetic wave incident on a plane interface at the Brewster angle gives rise to a reflected wave, which is
  - (i) partially polarized
  - (ii) unpolarized
  - (iii) polarized parallel to the interface
  - (iv) polarized perpendicular to the interface
- (e) The energy of e.m. wave in vacuum is given by the relation

(i) 
$$\frac{E^2}{2\varepsilon_0} + \frac{B^2}{2\mu_0}$$

(ii) 
$$\frac{1}{2} \varepsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{1}{2} \mu_0 B^2$$

(iii) 
$$\frac{E^2 + B^2}{C}$$

(iv) 
$$\frac{1}{2}\varepsilon_0 E^2 + \frac{B^2}{2\mu_0}$$

- (f) The ratio of electric field vector  $\overrightarrow{E}$  and magnetic field vector  $\overrightarrow{H}$  (i.e.,  $\overrightarrow{E}/\overrightarrow{H}$ ) has the dimension of
  - (i) inductance
  - (ii) resistance
  - (iii) capacitance
  - (iv) product of inductance and capacitance
- 2. Answer the following (any five):

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

- (a) Define scalar and vector potential.
- (b) Distinguish between Lorentz gauge and Coulomb gauge.
- (c) What are the peculiarities of metallic reflection?
- (d) What are ordinary and extra-ordinary refractive indices?

- (e) What are Fresnel's equations for reflection of plane polarized light from transparent media?
- (f) Define single and multimode fibre.
- 3. (a) State and prove Poynting theorem related to the flow of energy at a point space in an electromagnetic field. What is physical significance of Poynting vector?

  1+5+1=7

Or

Show that for an electromagnetic field, the energy density

$$U = \frac{1}{2} (\varepsilon_0 E^2 + \mu_0 H^2)$$
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- (b) Write Maxwell's equations in differential form and discuss the physical significance.
- **4.** (a) Starting from Maxwell's equations, discuss the plane electromagnetic waves in a dielectric isotopic medium.

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Or

Discuss the phenomena of total internal reflection on the basis of electromagnetic theory of light.

- (b) Discuss in detail how two electromagnetic waves combine to form—
  - (i) elliptically polarized light;
  - (ii) circularly polarized light.

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5. What is waveguide? Describe the propagation of electromagnetic wave along a hollow waveguide of uniform cross section. Explain, how cutoff mode arises.

2+2+1=5

Or

For transverse electric waves perfectly propagating in a rectangular waveguide with perfectly conducting walls, find—

- (a) the cutoff wavelength;
- (b) the velocity with which energy is transmitted along the guide.

6. Write short notes on (any two):

4×2=8

- (a) Skin depth
- (b) Brewster's law
- (c) Nicol prism

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