## Total No. of Printed Pages—5

# 6 SEM TDC DSE ECO (CBCS) 3 (H)

#### 2022

(June/July)

#### **ECONOMICS**

( Discipline Specific Elective )

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-3

### (International Economics)

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Choose the correct answer/Answer the following: 1×8=8
  - (a) When there is equal cost difference
    - (i) trade can take place with gain to both countries
    - (ii) trade can take place at loss to both countries
    - (iii) no trade can take place
    - (iv) None of the above

- (b) The policy of free trade was supported by
  - (i) Adam Smith
  - (ii) J. M. Keynes
  - (iii) Karl Marx
  - (iv) None of them
- (c) The exchange rate at which demand for foreign currency becomes equal to its supply, is called
  - (i) qual rate of exchange
  - (ii) mint parity
  - (iii) equilibrium rate of exchange
  - (iv) All of the above
- (d) Under which system, gold was taken as the common unit of parity between currencies of different countries in circulation?
  - (i) Bretton Woods system
  - (ii) Gold standard system
  - (iii) Flexible exchange rate system
  - (iv) Managed floating system of exchange rate

- (e) If ₹ 100 is required to buy \$1, instead of ₹ 90 earlier,
  - (i) domestic currency has appreciated
  - (ii) domestic currency has depreciated
  - (iii) rupee value of import bill will increase
  - (iv) Both (ii) and (iii)
- (f) What is portfolio investment?
- (g) Define spot exchange rate.
- (h) Mention one feature of an infant industry.
- 2. Write short notes on any *four* of the following (within 150 words each): 4×4=16
  - (a) Principle of Absolute Cost Advantage
  - (b) Importance of Foreign Capital for LDCs
  - (c) Benefits of Free Trade Policy
  - (d) Sources of Foreign Exchange
  - (e) Bretton Woods Agreement on Currency Exchange Rate
- advantage provides a strong argument in favour of free trade and specialization among countries. Point out the main weaknesses of the theory.

  8+4=12

: Or

(b) Explain how the equilibrium terms of trade are determined by the equation of reciprocal demand. Why is it regarded improvement over the comparative cost advantage theory?

8+4=12

foreign direct investment. Define Discuss the benefits of foreign direct investment to a home economy. What are the challenges of foreign direct 2+5+4=11 investment?

Or

- What is outsourcing? Why do the MNCs outsource their operations? Discuss critically the impacts of MNCs on the development of LDCs. 2+3+6=11
- Discuss the non-tariff barriers that **5.** (a) a country imposes on trade. 6
  - What are the major economic arguments for protection? `

Or

Give a brief account of the outwardlooking and inward-looking trade strategies. Which one of these two strategies is adopted by India and why?

8+3=11

6. (a) What is meant by foreign exchange rate? "When demand for foreign currency increases, the rate of exchange falls." Explain, how. 3+8=11

Or

Discuss the causes of fluctuations in the rate of exchange. Mention three arguments for flexible exchange rate.

8+3=11

objectives Mention the **7.** (a) International Monetary Fund. Discuss its role in the maintenance liquidity and credit international 3+8=11 facilities.

Or

Write an explanatory note on 'the consequences of globalization for a developing country like India'. 11

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(Continued)

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