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**3 SEM TDC MTMH (CBCS) C 6**

**2 0 2 2**

( Nov/Dec )

**MATHEMATICS**

( Core )

Paper : C-6

( **Group Theory—I** )

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. (a) Write each symmetry in  $D_3$  (the set of symmetries of an equilateral triangle). 1
- (b) What is the inverse of  $n - 1$  in  $U(n)$ ,  $n > 2$ ? 1
- (c) The set  $\{5, 15, 25, 35\}$  is a group under multiplication modulo 40. What is the identity element of this group? 1
- (d) Let  $a$  and  $b$  belong to a group  $G$ . Find an  $x$  in  $G$  such that  $xabx^{-1} = ba$ . 2
- (e) Show that identity element in a group is unique. 2
- (f) Find the order of each element of the group  $(\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}, +_5)$ . 3

- (g) Show that the four permutations  $I, (ab), (cd), (ab)(cd)$  on four symbols  $a, b, c, d$  form a finite Abelian group with respect to the permutation multiplication. 5
2. (a) In  $Z_{10}$ , write all the elements of  $\langle 2 \rangle$ . 1
- (b) With the help of an example, show that union of two subgroups of a group  $G$  is not necessarily a subgroup of  $G$ . 2
- (c) Define centre of an element of a group and centre of a group. 2
- (d) Let  $G$  be a group and  $a \in G$ . Then prove that the set  $H = \{a^n \mid n \in Z\}$  is a subgroup of  $G$ . 2
- (e) Prove that the centre of a group  $G$  is normal subgroup of  $G$ . 4
- (f) Let  $H$  and  $K$  be two subgroups of a group  $G$ . Then prove that  $HK$  is a subgroup of  $G$  if and only if  $HK = KH$ . 4
3. (a) If  $|a| = 30$ , find  $\langle a^{26} \rangle$ . 1
- (b) List the elements of the subgroup  $\langle 20 \rangle$  in  $Z_{30}$ . 1
- (c) Find all generators of  $Z_6$ . 2
- (d) Express the permutation
- $$f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 1 & 6 & 5 & 3 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
- as a product of disjoint cycles. 2

- (e) Find  $O(f)$  where
- $$f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad 2$$
- (f) Let  $a$  be an element of order  $n$  in a group and let  $k$  be a positive integer. Then prove that
- $$\langle a^k \rangle = \langle a^{\gcd(n, k)} \rangle \text{ and } |a^k| = \frac{n}{\gcd(n, k)} \quad 4$$
- Or
- Prove that any two right cosets are either identical or disjoint.
- (g) Prove that a group of prime order is cyclic. 3
- (h) State and prove Lagrange's theorem. 5
4. (a) Define external direct product. 1
- (b) Compute  $U(8) \oplus U(10)$ . Also find the product  $(3, 7)(7, 9)$ . 2
- (c) Prove that quotient group of a cyclic group is cyclic. 3
- (d) If  $H$  is a normal subgroup of a finite group  $G$ , then prove that for each  $a \in G$ ,  $O(Ha) \mid O(a)$ . 4
- (e) Let  $G$  be a finite Abelian group such that its order  $O(G)$  is divisible by a prime  $p$ . Then prove that  $G$  has at least one element of order  $p$ . 5

Or

Let  $H$  be a subgroup of a group  $G$  such that  $x^2 \in H, \forall x \in G$ . Then prove that  $H$  is normal subgroup of  $G$ . Also prove that  $\frac{G}{H}$  is Abelian.

5. (a) Let  $(Z, +)$  and  $(E, +)$  be the group of integers and even integers respectively. Show that  $f: Z \rightarrow E$  defined by  $f(x) = 2x, \forall x \in Z$  is a homomorphism. 2
- (b) Prove that a homomorphic image  $f: G \rightarrow G'$  is one-one if and only if  $\ker f = \{e\}$ , where  $e$  is the identity of  $G$ . 3
- (c) Prove that every group  $G$  is isomorphic to a permutation group. 5
- (d) Prove that every homomorphic image of a group  $G$  is isomorphic to some quotient group of  $G$ . 5

Or

Let  $H$  be a normal subgroup of  $G$  and  $K$  be a subgroup of  $G$ . Then prove that

$$\frac{HK}{H} \cong \frac{K}{H \cap K}$$

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