4 SEM TDC BOTH (CBCS) C 8

2023

(May/June)

BOTANY

(Core)

Paper: C-8

(Molecular Biology)

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Choose the correct answer of the following: 1×5=5
 - (a) The two strands of DNA are held together by—covalent bond/ionic bond/hydrogen bond/coordinate bond.
 - (b) DNA synthesis in prokaryotes is brought about by—DNA polymerase-I/DNA polymerase-II/both DNA polymerase-I and II/None of the above.

- (c) The new strand of DNA is replicated in—5'-3' direction/3'-5' direction/5'-5' direction.
- (d) Which of the following is not a termination codon? (UAG/UAA/UAC/UGA)
- (e) Split genes consist of—introns only/ exons only/both introns and exons/ both DNA and RNA.
- 2. Write briefly on the following (any three): $4\times3=12$
 - (a) Physical structure of DNA double helix
 - (b) Properties of genetic code
 - (c) RNA polymerase
 - (d) Chemical nature of gene
 - (e) RNA and protein synthesis
- 3. What are nucleic acids? Describe different types of DNA and mention the functions of DNA.

 3+(5+4)=12

Or

Distinguish between:

4×3=12

(a) Unidirectional and bidirectional DNA replication

- (b) Replication and Transcription
- (c) Inducible operon and Repressible operon
- 4. What is transcription? Describe the molecular mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes. 2+10=12

Or

How is the regulation of gene expression maintained in organisms? Describe the lac operon mechanism of regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes.

3+9=12

5. Explain the process of translation in prokaryotes. State any four differences from eukaryotic translation. 8+4=12

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Write explanatory notes on the following: $6\times2=12$

- (a) Structure and biological importance of tRNA
- (b) Genetic code
